Period	Date

Energy Forms & Changes Simulation

http://phet.colorado.edu/en/simulation/energy-forms-and-changes

In this simulation, you will be able to "see" several different forms of energy and the changes (transfers) that can occur between them. You are also able to work with a system where you can manipulate the energy input, observe the process of electrical energy generation and manipulate the output.

Go to the above link and click the **play triangle** button to start the simulation.

<u>Click on the "Energy Systems" tab</u>. We will do all of our work here. Be sure to <u>click the "Energy</u> <u>Symbols</u>" box so the different types of energy will be visible throughout the process.

Getting Familiar With The Options

You have already spent a few minutes experimenting with the different sources, generation and output options in the simulation. Feel free to spend a few more minutes experimenting until you feel comfortable moving on to the assignment below.

- 1. Which **energy sources (input)** can cause the turbine (wooden wheel) to spin and generate electrical energy?
- 2. Which energy sources (input) cause the solar panels to generate electrical energy?

3. Which energy output objects work with the turbine?

- 4. Which energy output objects work with the solar panels?
- 5. What happens to the amount of electrical energy that is generated when the:

Specify "a little" or "a lot"

- a. Faucet is on high?
 b. Faucet is on low?
 c. There are no clouds?
 d. There are lots of clouds?
 e. Low heat on the kettle?
 f. High Heat on the kettle?
 g. The girl pedals slowly?
 h. The girl pedals quickly?
- 6. Explain why the cyclist must be fed in order to continue to pedal?
- 7. The Law of Conservation of Energy states that ______

Exploring Energy Transfer

Set up your system as shown in the picture. Let it run for a while and then complete the sentences using the energy symbols to help you "see" the flow of the energy within each system. HINT: **Make sure to check the Energy Symbols box**. Use the color of the "E" boxes to know what form the energy is.



spinning turbine generates ______ energy which is transformed into ______

energy that causes the temperature of the water to increase. The water then becomes steam and gives off more

_____ energy into the atmosphere.

9. Solar Panel in No Cloud Cover With An Incandescent Light Bulb System



In this system,	energy from the sunlight causes the solar panel to create	
	energy which flows into the incandescent light bulb. In the light bulb, the	
	energy is transformed into two different types of energy:	

energy and ______ energy.

<u>10.</u> Turbine Moved by Steam from Medium Heat Kettle With A Fan



In this system,	_ energy from the flames of the fire transfer energy to the kettle causing		
the liquid to become steam. The therm	al energy of the steam spins the tur	bine (energy)	
which generates	_ energy that is used to operate the	fan. The moving electric motor and	
the spinning fan blades are a form of	energy.	After running for a while, the fan	
becomes hot to the touch, and ever so o	often releases	energy into the air.	
Note Another form of energy is relea	ased from the kettle. What is it?		

<u>11. Turbine Moved by Cyclist Pedaling at Medium Speed With A Fluorescent Light Bulb System</u>



In this system,	energy from the cyclist	energy from the cyclist is converted to a lot of		
	energy and a little bit of	energy. The		
	energy from the turning bicycle wheel spins the turbine which generates			
	energy. The fluorescent light bulb con	overts this energy into two new forms: a		
lot of	energy and very little	energy.		

12. Switch out the fluorescent bulb (curly one) with the incandescent bulb (rounded) and observe the energy output. What do you notice about the difference in the energy and output of these two bulbs?

In your opinion, which light bulb is more efficient?

Explain how you know this.

- 13. What common form of energy (not including kinetic or potential) is not included in the "Energy Symbols" key that would normally be present in these examples?
- 14. Look carefully at each of the four systems shown above. Knowing what we have discussed about energy conversions, identify (list) at least three different places where this form of energy (sound) should be "produced".
- 15. In the space below, explain why this simulation is a good way to illustrate the Law of Conservation of Energy. *Use a specific example to support your answer.*

16. Application question: In Clare County, Michigan, it is common for members of the Amish community to use wind mills to pump water from underground to fill a tank for drinking water. The wind causes the turbine blades to spin, rotating a shaft, which is transferred through some gears to operate a pump, which pumps water up from deep below the ground to fill an above ground tank. Identify the energy conversions happening at each step below.

A. The wind blows (_______ energy),

B. causing the turbine to turn, rotating a shaft that works a pump (_______ energy).

- C. Water then moves up from the well (________ energy) and is stored in a
- D. tank which is positioned 5 feet above the ground level (______ potential energy).

This assignment has been adapted by the Delta College STEM Explorer team to fit the Water Wheel Project. It was originally crafted by Lynn Ressler of Donegal Junior High School and submitted to pHet on 11/19/19. Original document can be found at the above link.